TEST #1

13:30–14:20, November 15 (Thursday) in HH/207

Make sure to put your name and ID number in the top–left corner of the answer sheet No textbooks or notes allowed!

- 1. Consider a problem in celestial dynamics in which you are given N point masses $\{m_1, \ldots, m_N\}$ in an unbounded three–dimensional domain.
 - (a) Using the "particle–particle" (PP) formalism, state the complete system of equations describing the evolution of this system,
 - (b) how will this description be modified in the "particle-mesh" (PM) formalism?
 - (c) what is the total number of independent degrees of freedom in this problem?

[2 points]

- 2. Consider a problem in hydrodynamics in which you are given N point vortices with circulations $\{\Gamma_1, \ldots, \Gamma_N\}$ in an unbounded two-dimensional domain.
 - (a) Using the "particle–particle" (PP) formalism, state the complete system of equations describing the evolution of this system,
 - (b) how will this description be modified in the "particle-mesh" (PM) formalism?
 - (c) what is the total number of independent degrees of freedom in this problem?

[2 points]

- 3. There is a vortex with positive (i.e., counter-clockwise) circulation Γ above a horizontal plate of infinite extent. Assuming that the vortex is a distance *h* away from the boundary, determine the velocity *V* of the vortex. Will the vortex be moving to the left, or to the right? HINT Use the method of images to ensure that the "no-flow" velocity boundary conditions are satisfied at the plate; the complex velocity induced at z = x + iy by a point vortex located at $z_0 = x_0 + iy_0$ is $V(z) = (u iv)(z) = \frac{\Gamma}{2\pi 1} \frac{1}{z z_0}$. [2 points]
- 4. Characterize the *global* order of accuracy and the stability properties of the following schemes for integration of ODEs:
 - (a) Euler explicit,
 - (b) Euler implicit,
 - (c) Crank-Nicolson,
 - (d) leapfrog.

Which of them has the best conservation properties? [2 points]