McMaster University MATH 3Q03 — Winter 2017

USEFUL FORMULAS

• Lagrange interpolating polynomial and functions based on $\{x_i, y_i\}_{i=1}^n$:

$$p_n(x) = \sum_{k=0}^n y_k \Phi_k(x), \text{ where } \Phi_k(x) = \frac{\prod_{i=0, i \neq k}^n (x - x_i)}{\prod_{i=0, i \neq k}^n (x_k - x_i)}, \quad k = 0, \dots, n,$$

• Error of polynomial interpolation based on $\{x_k, y_k\}_{k=1}^n$:

$$E = f(x) - p_n(x) = \frac{f^{(n+1)}(\xi)}{(n+1)!} \prod_{k=0}^n (x - x_k)$$

• Chebyshev polynomials:

$$T_0(x) = 1, \quad T_1(x) = x, \quad T_{n+1}(x) = 2xT_n(x) - T_{n-1}(x), \quad n \ge 1, \ x \in [-1, 1]$$

• Chebyshev polynomials aliased to $T_m(x)$ $(0 \le m \le n)$ on a Chebyshev grid with n+1 points:

$$T_m, T_{2n-m}, T_{2n+m}, T_{4n-m}, T_{4n+m}, T_{6n-m}, \ldots$$

• Suppose that the function f defined on [-1, 1] has $(\nu - 1)$ absolutely continuous derivatives and its ν -th derivative is of bounded variation V ($\nu \ge 1$). Then, the errors of Chebyshev projection f_n and Chebyshev interpolant p_n are subject to the following bounds valid for $n > \nu$

$$||f - f_n||_{\infty} \le \frac{2V}{\pi \nu (n - \nu)^{\nu}},$$

$$||f - p_n||_{\infty} \le \frac{4V}{\pi \nu (n - \nu)^{\nu}}.$$

THE END