

Assignment 4, Math 3EE3

Due Mar. 12 in class

- (1) Suppose that  $p$  is prime and  $\sigma : \mathbb{Z}[x] \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}_p[x]$  is defined by computing the coefficients from a polynomial in  $\mathbb{Z}[x]$  mod  $p$ .
  - (a) Prove that  $\sigma$  is a homomorphism.
  - (b) Show that if  $f \in \mathbb{Z}[x]$  and  $\sigma(f)$  have the same degree then if  $\sigma(f)$  is irreducible over  $\mathbb{Z}_p$  then  $f$  is irreducible over  $\mathbb{Z}$ .
  - (c) Use this to show that  $x^3 + 17x + 36$  is irreducible over  $\mathbb{Z}$ .
- (2) In class we showed that any field  $F$  can be extended to one in which all polynomials over  $F$  have a solution. Here is another proof of that fact: Let  $P$  be the set of non-constant polynomials over a field  $F$  and let  $X$  be the set of finite subsets of  $P$ . For each  $\Delta \in X$  we can find an extension of  $F$ ,  $F_\Delta$  such that every polynomial in  $\Delta$  has a solution in  $F_\Delta$ . Let  $R = \prod_{\Delta \in X} F_\Delta$  and let  $I$  be

$$\{\bar{a} \in R : \text{ for some } \Delta \in X, \text{ if } \Delta \subseteq \Sigma \in X \text{ then } a_\Sigma = 0\}$$

Here we are considering  $\bar{a} \in R$  as the sequence  $\langle a_\Sigma : \Sigma \in X \rangle$ .

- (a) Show that  $I$  is a proper ideal. Choose a maximal ideal  $J$  with  $I \subseteq J$  and let  $K = R/J$ ;  $K$  is a field.
- (b) Let  $\Phi : F \rightarrow K$  be defined by  $\Phi(a) = \langle a : \Delta \in X \rangle / J$  i.e. the constant sequence  $a$  modulo  $J$ . Show that  $\Phi$  is an embedding. Hence we can associate  $F$  with the image of  $\Phi$ .
- (c) Show that  $K$  satisfies all polynomials over  $F$ .
- (3) Suppose that  $F$  is a field,  $S \subseteq F^n$  and  $I$  is an ideal in  $F[x_1, \dots, x_n] = F[\bar{x}]$ . Define

$$I(S) = \{f \in F[\bar{x}] : f(\bar{s}) = 0 \text{ for all } \bar{s} \in S\}$$

and

$$V(I) = \{\bar{s} \in F^n : f(\bar{s}) = 0 \text{ for all } f \in I\}$$

- (a) Prove that  $I(S)$  is an ideal.
- (b) Prove that  $S \subseteq V(I(S))$ .
- (c) Give an example of a subset  $S$  of  $R^2$  for which  $S \neq V(I(S))$ .